

# NATIONAL AUDIT OF MENINGITIS MANAGEMENT (NAMM)

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**Poster DT15**



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- Bacterial meningitis in the UK is now a rare entity.
- Early recognition with prompt investigation & management is critical to improve outcomes.
- In 2016 the UK joint specialist societies' published guidelines on the diagnosis and management of acute meningitis.
- To review the management of community acquired bacterial and viral meningitis in the UK
- NAMM audit teams were recruited nationally via the NITCAR network.

# METHODS:

## Inclusion criteria:

1. Adults ( $\geq 16$  years) presenting to hospital in 2017
2. Patients with a CSF WCC  $>4 \times 10^6$  cells/L & a clinical suspicion of meningitis.
3. In the case of bacterial meningitis symptoms and signs of meningitis with a significant pathogen in the CSF (culture or PCR) or blood regardless of CSF leukocyte count.

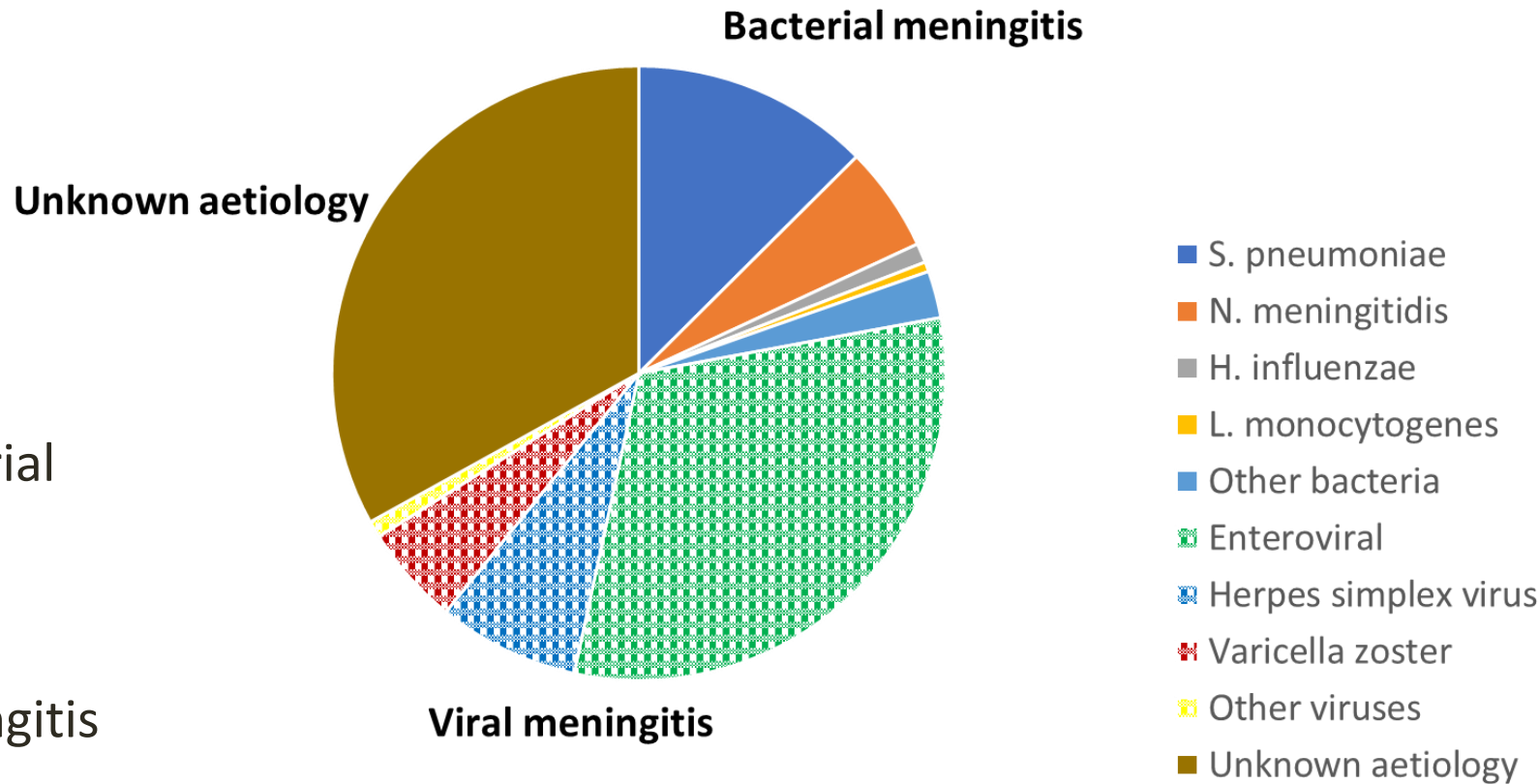
## Exclusion criteria:

1. HIV associated meningitis
2. Tuberculous meningitis
3. Nosocomial meningitis
4. Encephalitis

- Audit standards taken from UK joint specialist societies' guidelines.
- 40 audit standards.

# RESULTS:

- 1,472 patients from 64 hospitals throughout the UK and Ireland.
- 57% female
- Median age 34 years.
- 615 (42%) viral meningitis
- 303/1472 (21%) confirmed bacterial meningitis
- Overall mortality was 3%
- 16% - pneumococcal meningitis
- 8% - meningococcal meningitis



# ADHERENCE WITH AUDIT STANDARDS:

	<b>Audit Standard</b>	
	Blood cultures taken < 1 h of arrival at hospital	<b>50%</b>
	Median time to LP	<b>16 hrs (IQR 8,27)</b>
	LP performed < 1 h of arrival at hospital	<b>2%</b>
	Neuroimaging prior to LP without guideline-specified indication	<b>62%</b>
	Antibiotics commenced within the first hour	<b>27%</b>
	CSF pneumococcal / meningococcal PCR sent	<b>28% / 29.5%</b>
	HIV testing	<b>44%</b>
	Antibiotics: 2 g ceftriaxone IV every 12hr / 2g cefotaxime IV 6-8hrly	<b>82%</b>
	Age ≥60 receiving 2 g IV ampicillin/amoxicillin 4-hourly	<b>21%</b>
	10 mg dexamethasone IV 6 hourly given	<b>26%</b>

# DISCUSSION:

- Clinical care currently being delivered in the UK is not in line with UK joint specialist societies' guidelines.
- Considerable room for improvement:
  - Timing of LPs
  - Timely use of microbiology diagnostics
  - Adjunctive steroids
- **Next steps:**
  1. Development of electronic meningitis pathways using EHRS e.g. EPIC
  2. Expanded our local electronic guidelines e.g. microguide
  3. Development of education tools for infection specialists
  4. NICE guidelines





# QUESTIONS?

With thanks to:

- All of the 64 NAMM contributing sites
  - NAMM investigators
  - NITCAR network